



Exploring our Local Habitat.

Deer class have been learning about their environment and the way that animals have adapted to suit that environment. We started our week looking at animals across the world and how some have adapted and thrived whilst others have become extinct. We spent some time up in the woods, exploring habitats and discussing what animals need to survive and thrive.



The children looked at which animals have adapted well to suit their environment.

We looked at how in quite a small space loads of different types of animals can thrive.

Living Things	Habitat	Adaptive Traits
 Deer		Deers eat grass and leaves so living in a woods is great place to survive. They also have no predators.
 Hedgehog		Hedgehogs have spines to protect themselves from predators and animals larger than them.
 Woodlouse		A woodlouse has antenners antenners so they can find food like bark in their habitat.
 Bird		Birds have wings so they can fly away from predators and get food.

Living Things	Habitat	Adaptive Traits
 Hedgehog	 Woods	It has spines to protect itself. It has claws to enable it to climb trees if necessary.
 Polar Bear	 Arctic	Its white fur enables it to camouflage in the snow. Its nostrils can close up so that water does not enter when it is swimming.
 Cactus	 Desert	It stores water in its stem. It has spines instead of leaves which reduces the amount of water that evaporates.
 Toucan	 Rainforest	Its narrow tongue allows it to eat small fruit and insects. It has strong sharp claws (two at the front and two at the back) which allow it to grip branches firmly.